

Đáp án môn: Mạch điện - ELCI 140144 - Thứ ngày 24/12/2014.

Câu 1 (2đ)

$$\begin{cases} I_a(4+4) + 20 - 100 - 4I_b - I_c = 0 \\ I_b(4+4+3) - 20 - 4I_c - 4I_e = 0 \\ I_c(4+4+4) - 4I_1 - 4I_a - 4I_b = 0 \\ U_1 = 4(I_a - I_b) \end{cases}$$

$I_a = 30A, I_b = 20A, I_c = 20A$ (0,5đ)

$P_l = 4 \cdot 20^2 + 3 \cdot 20^2 + 4(30-20)^2 + 4(30-20)^2 + 4(20-20)^2 = 3600 \text{ W}$ (0,5đ)

$P_{ng} = 100 \cdot 30 + 20 \cdot 4(30-20) - 20(30-20) = 3600 \text{ W}$ (0,5đ)

$P_l = P_{ng}$ ebes.

Câu 2 (2đ)

Hỗ mạch $\dot{U}_0(1 + \frac{1}{j} + \frac{1}{-j}) = \frac{\dot{U}_a}{-j} - \frac{12}{j}$
 $\dot{U}_a(\frac{1}{-j}) - \frac{\dot{U}_0}{-j} = 2\dot{U}_0$ (0,5đ)

$\dot{U}_a = \dot{U}_{ab} = 6 + 18j = 18,97 \angle 72^\circ$

* Ngắn: $\dot{U}_0(1 + \frac{1}{j} + \frac{1}{-j}) = 12$
 $\dot{U}_0 = 12V$ (0,5đ)

$I_{ng} = \dot{I}_1 + 2\dot{U}_0 = 24 + 18j = 26,83 \angle 27^\circ$

* 2đ $\frac{U_{ab}}{I_{ng}} = 0,5 + 0,5j = 0,707 \angle 45^\circ$ (0,5đ)

Đề P_{max} để là $R = 0,707 \Omega$

$\dot{I} = 14,52 \angle 49,5^\circ$ (0,25đ)

$P_{max} = 0,707 \cdot 14,52^2 / 2 = 74,53 \text{ W}$ (0,25đ)

Câu 3 (2đ)

$U_p = 100 / \sqrt{3}$ (0,25đ)

$I_p = I_d = \frac{100}{\sqrt{3} \sqrt{10^2 + 9^2}} = 4,29A$ (0,5đ)

$\Delta P_{td} = 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 4,29^2 = 110,42 \text{ W}$ (0,5đ)

$P_{tim} = 3 \cdot 12 \cdot 4,29^2 = 662,55 \text{ W}$

$Q_{tim} = -3 \cdot 6 \cdot 4,29^2 = -331,27 \text{ Var}$

$S_{tim} = \sqrt{P_{tim}^2 + Q_{tim}^2} = 740,75 \text{ VA}$

$U_{dng} = \frac{740,75}{\sqrt{3} \cdot 4,29} = 99,66 \text{ V}$

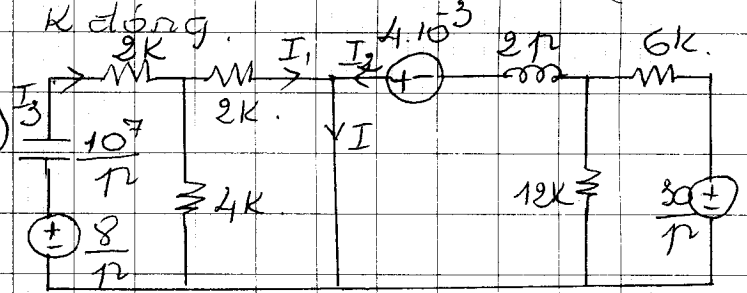
Câu 4 (2đ)

ĐK BĐ K mđ

$R_{td} = \frac{(4+2) \cdot 12}{4+2+12} + 5 = 10K$

$I_2(-) = \frac{30}{10} \cdot \frac{12}{12+6} = 2 \text{ mA}$ (0,5đ)

$U_c(-) = 2 \cdot 4 = 8 \text{ V}$ (0,5đ)



Áp dụng BDTĐ.

$I_1 = \frac{4}{4+2} \cdot \frac{8/12}{\frac{10^7}{12} + 2000 + \frac{4000}{3}}$
 $\Rightarrow I_1 = 1,6e^{-30000} \text{ mA}$ (0,5đ)

$I_2 = \frac{20/12 + 4 \cdot 10^3}{2 \cdot 12 + 4000}$ (0,5đ)

$\Rightarrow I_2 = 5 \cdot 3e^{-2000} \text{ mA}$

$I = I_1 + I_2 = 5 \cdot 3e^{-2000} + 1,6e^{-3000} \text{ mA}$ (0,5đ)

Câu 5 (2đ)
 $\omega(\varphi) = \frac{5(\varphi + 10^5)}{12 + 5 \cdot 10^4}$ (1đ)

TSG: $5 \cdot 10^4, 10^5; 20 \lg |w(\omega)| = 20 \text{ dB}$
 $\omega = 0$

$\varphi(\omega) = \text{arctg} \frac{\omega}{10^5} - \text{arctg} \frac{\omega}{5 \cdot 10^4}$

